The Bradford Miner.

VOLUME XX. SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 28, 1883.

McKean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via. B. R. & K. R. leaves Smethport at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 3:30.

Mail via. B. N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 1 p. m.

Clermont & Congress Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at 2:30 p. m.

Kasson Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. of same days.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 7 p. m. and 7:30 a. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN Lodge, No. 322, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

J. A. HOLDEN, W. M.

O. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 122, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BENJAMIN, M. W.

WARREN GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at Masonic Hall.

C. H. BECKWITH, N. G.

W. H. WITHERELL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. HURRELL, pastor. Preaching Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Class Meeting at 7:15 p. m. Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock. Teachers Meeting on Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—....., pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—J. Hazen McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Asst Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
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Peormasters—J. G. Hamlin, A. B. Barbank.
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Inspectors—Johns Beckwith, S. J. Gifford.
Assessor—G. M. Smith.

Official Directory.

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Additional Judge—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; F. M. Fuller, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly—David Barrett, Smethport.
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County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
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County Clerk—John B. Sweetwater, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—M. C. Gallup, O. P. Cross.
Auditors—A. P. Brewer, F. K. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
Mercantile Appraiser—F. K. Washburn, Foster Twp.
County Surveyor—O. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

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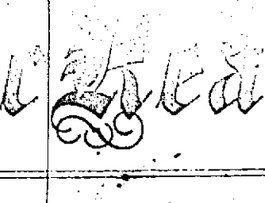

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MISCELLANEOUS.

SELECT POETRY.

THE RAVIN' FEMALE.

Once upon an evening lately, while I sat me down sedately
Over manuscript and proofsheet marking errors by the score,
I'p the stairs came some one walking, and I fancied I heard talking;
Soon there came a gentle knocking, knocking, at my sanctum door.
"An exchange—dead "biz," I muttered, "come to scan the papers o'er;
"Only this, and nothing more."

Open then I swung the portal. Men and angels! what a mortal!
In there stepped a stately maiden of the ancient days of yore.
Not the least excuse, sir, made she, not an instant paused or stayed she,
But, with air of a book agent who had been there oft before,
Took her stand beside the table, just inside my sanctum door.
Quoth the maiden, "Squeeze me more."

"Squeeze thee more? My antique templer! O thou grim and gaunt pre-con-ceiver!
By the heaven that bends above us! now what do you take me for?
O you female dead beat,you! you ungodly ghastly she, dare it?
Do you allege I ever squeezed that withered form before?
Get thee hence at once—instanter! skip thee out through yonder door!
I will squeeze thee never more."

"Hold!" she cried, "you silly lunky! you long, lop-eared, brainless lunky!
Can a ray of comprehension your dull intellect explore?
'Tis the life of Abner Squeeze, sir—and don't you forget it, please, sir—
That I'm around here canvassing to get subscriptions for.
'Tis the best book ever offered in your blasted town before,
And the title's 'Squeeze's Memoirs.'"

MISCELLANEOUS.

LORD OF ALL.

A LOVE STORY.

'My dear fellow, I've found a paradise! A perfect Eden without a serpent in the shape of fourcat or cad. An artist's paradise that, I believe, hardly any one knows of. It is called Penruth; it's a little fishing village in Cornwall, as I need to say. Such models, splendid set of people—such rocks—such a sea! I don't care twopence about food and drink. I can't say they are Elysian, but it doesn't matter. I get some fish now and then and beastly bread; but I live on the beauty of nature. Come and do likewise.'

In this rapturous strain Vincent Randal wrote to his artist friends scattered about the world this glorious summer—please to date it as the last fine summer which can be remembered—in search of the picturesque. Vincent had found it to his heart's content, and was revelling in his untouched paradise of sea and sky and rock. And it even had the last thing needful, it had its Eve. But the heroine of his idyl appears let me introd now you to Vincent Randal, artist, as he chose to describe himself, though as yet his income derived from art was nothing, plus a considerable balance the wrong way in stocks and other expenses: nevertheless you could not enrage him more than by calling him 'amateur.' 'If I have the misfortune to be well off it isn't my fault,' he would say, with pathos. 'Don't degrade me by calling me an amateur, unless you want me to cut to pieces every canvas I have covered.'

He had worked hard and painted, but he had not the divine touch. At times despair seized him of ever getting beyond the 'pretty,' and he would burn his efforts in the madness of the moment of self-disgust. He hated the praises of the Philistines, but now and then his sensitive and womanishly tender nature shrank from the criticism of the friends who loved him but saw through the mere talent of his painting, which never rise above talent. It was a relief sometimes to be sitting quite alone at the feet of Mother Nature as she brooded grand and calm over the Cornish solitudes of vividly colored glorious masses of majestic rock. It calmed and soothed the nervous, impressionable man, whose life was spent in fruitless chase after impossible ideals—ideal beauty such as his mental eyes had never seen, colored with the light that never was on sea or sky; ideal love such as he had never, might never attain to; ideal honesty of purpose, purity of motive, heroism of sacrifice. And with it all he had attacks of lightness, humor, reckless bonhomie, which covered all the contradictions and the unsatisfied longing of the man's soul as the sparkles lay on the surface of the dark and restless waters.

Vincent sat among the rocks painting, or trying to paint, but a mood of disgust at his work had seized him, and he was more inclined to shake his fist at his canvas than to paint upon it.

'What a fool one is to attempt anything,' he said to himself. 'Why not give it all up and simply take it in—like that bird up there. I'm sure he enjoys it all more than I do.' He got up and stretched himself. He was neither tall nor handsome. There was nothing heroic in his appearance. He was thin and meagre, his hair was beginning to be more gray than brown, but he looked every inch a gentleman and a good fellow. As he stretched his arms and stamped the pins and needles out of feet he suddenly saw a girl sitting opposite him on a rock, looking fixedly out to sea. Vincent perceived that she was unaware of his presence. He kept perfectly still and watched her. It seemed to him he had never seen a beautiful woman before. All his old fancies faded. She was alone in her beauty before his eyes; as far the rest they were merely pretty. And Vincent despised prettiness. She was only a peasant girl; her white cotton bonnet lay on the rock beside her; she had a common stuff dress on, but she was simply and perfectly beautiful, the eye of a picture saith as it is given to few to take into their souls. Around her was the setting of the cliffs and rocks, the pools of clear water at her feet reflecting a clearer heaven of cloudless blue; beyond and away the sea, silvered with afternoon light, the glamour of high summer, the silence which had its own music. She was tall, taller than Vincent himself; her hair was knotted into a kind of tawny gold, her eyes were deep and limpid—positively dark brown which is called black; her features had that regularity, without exaggeration, which [illegible]

like the rest of them—another illusion gone.' Yet he drank it in, and the sweet bitter drink sank into his foolish heart. As he watched her her face contracted with an expression of acute pain; she uttered a short, sharp sound—neither words nor cry—and stretched out her clasped hands toward the sea. Then she stood on her feet, hastily gathered up what he had dropped, turned and hurried away with the step of one who neither thinks nor cares of where she goes. In another moment Vincent's eyes had lost their vision.

He attempted no more painting. He collected his paraphernalia and went back to his home—for the time being—in the very primitive little inn, 'The Fisherman's Rest,' in the small hamlet of Penruth.

'If she lives here I'll find her out,' he thought as he disposed his belongings in his small quarters, 'and if I find her I'll know her. It will be my only chance of salvation. I hope she is a coarse, ignorant peasant girl.'

He knew all the villagers by sight and most of them to speak to. They were a rugged but kindly set, and they all liked the 'little painting gentleman,' especially the children, whom he chaffed and petted, bestowing endless halfpence on those who had the loveliest eyes. His goodness was not among them, but there were a good many outlying cottages. Vincent made up his mind that he should find her in one of these. And at last he hit upon the one which enshrined her. He saw an old woman making nets at her door, and though she was wrinkled and grown ugly with the sun and wind and the hard work of years, he fancied he traced a likeness, and he stopped to talk to with her. He asked her questions at first about the fishing and the storms, and then entered on more personal ground.

'Your husband goes out fishing, I suppose, like the rest?'

'I have none, sir,' the woman answered, quite tranquilly. 'He went down in our boat twelve years come next October, with my only son. I and my daughter live here alone.'

Vincent's heart beat. 'You've got a daughter?'

'Yes, sir. It's a pity she ain't a lad. It's hard work for women folk to make a living. I often wish I'd had the sense to bide as I was. I was better off, a deal, when I was in service at Sir George Trevillian's. But my man was very steady and good to me; you may have heard of him if you're at Penruth—John Trevarock. He owned a boat and we were well-to-do, till he went down—and all my luck with him,' she added, with the first touch of pathos in her rather hard tone.

'But you have a daughter?'

'Ah—Mary. She is a decent girl, but she's got no better luck than the rest. Her young man—William Penruddock was drowned a little better than a year ago.'

'Her young man?' Vincent said; and as he spoke the picture rose again before his mind of the sad, yet beautiful figure, the eyes fixed on the restless sea, the hands stretched out to it, the inextinguishable cry.

'Yes—her sweetheart; they were to have been married. He was pretty well-to-do—owned some property here—was a steady fellow and handsome. But it was her luck, like the rest of us, poor maid.'

'I am very sorry. And how do you live now?'

'As well as we can,' the woman replied, with a sort of a dreary dryness, 'we have to work.

'You have a very beautiful view from here.'

She glanced round indifferently. 'Ay, well enough. It blows awful stormy in winter, I can tell you. You should hear it whistle through there,' and she pointed to a deep chasm in the cliff, cut as it were, right through from the elevation where they were standing down to the beach some hundreds of feet below—a very giddy and wild place to look down upon.

'I am an artist—a painter. I should like to come and make a sketch up here some day.'

'Ay, I know you're a painter. You can come of course, if you like to draught it. I can give you a chair out of the house, sir.'

Mrs. Trevarrock was not cordial; there was something repellant in her manner, but something to be admired, too, in its way. She spoke well, her looks were honest, if hard. Vincent thought it was that she was beaten into ruggedness by the cruel strokes of loss and misfortune. He was determined to make her his friend, for he was unreasonably sure that the woman whose image was filling his mind was no other than Mary Trevarroch. The very name began to indentify itself with his remembrance of her. Mary Trevarroch of Penruth? The words had a kind of vague suggestion in them of a sweet pathetic poem. He lingered on talking to the mother in his gentle, easy way, which always won upon rustic minds, in hopes of the daughter's return. But at last he had to go back again to the 'Fisherman's Rest' unsatisfied.

He took the first opportunity of asking the landlord of this hostelry whether he knew anything of a widower named Trevarroch, who lived up by the Eagle Cliff.

'Yes, I know her, sir; I knowed her husband well. A good fellow as ever breathed was Jack Trevarroch. He went down one night off Tintagel, and his son with him; and then poor Mary's sweetheart, Will Penruddock—it's a common tale in these parts. Mary's a good girl, though she always held her head rather high to please the lads, they say.'

Vincent cleared his throat, and then said: 'She felt the loss of her lover very much?'

'I reckon so. I've never seen much of her.'

'She is a very handsome girl, isn't she? I think I've seen her.'

'Handsome? Well, yes, perhaps you would say so; I haven't thought much on it.'

And this was all that was to be got out of mine host.

The next day Vincent found his steps leading him along the same steep path; but this time he carried his painting gear as a souvenir for his acquaintance. The widow was at home, but Mary was to be [illegible]

of bread, came upward. He flew down to relieve her of her burden, but she held it back with a look of half amused surprise.

The near view did not diminish one of her charms to him. On the contrary, the full open light of her wonderful eyes almost intoxicated a head which was at times but too weak to such an influence.

'Won't you let me help you with your basket?' he said, speaking the most careless tones.

'No? Why should you? It's not so heavy, and I'm used to it. You are the painting gentleman, I suppose, that my mother spoke of?'

'Yes. I have come up to try and get some sort of a picture of your beautiful cliffs from here. I shan't be in your way?'

'Oh, certainly not,' she carelessly answered.

Her voice and way of speaking, like her mother's though rustic, was by no means uneducated. It had a certain music of its own, which suited with the melancholy beauty of her face. But though this face never lost, even while smiling, its pathetic lines, she had not in speaking any trace of the heartbroken maid he had expected to find. While her eyes had the expression of infinite sadness and the curves on her lips were wistful and at times even mournful, she spoke with a calm, not uncheerful air of everyday sense. The truth was that Mary Trevarroch had learned to live utterly to herself. No hand had touched the secret wound since that bitter March night when Will Penruddock went down into darkness and silence. The dull requirements of a hard and dreary life were to be met, and those alone must make her future.

Vincent went back to his easel, while the girl took in her basket, and remained awhile, inside the cottage; then she came out, and, stepping behind him with the frankness of perfect ignorance of the world, she looked at his beginning.

'It's nothing to look at,' he said, glancing up at her; 'I've hardly begun. Here's a finished sketch, which is more worthy of your notice.'

'Oh, these are the Twin Sister rocks,' she cried with more animation, one brown finger pointing over his shoulder, 'and the Lion's Head. That's just like—but the sea isn't that color.'

'The sea is any color, you have been looked at it enough.

'I not look at the sea enough!' she said in a low, curious voice; 'I look at scarce aught else.' Then she changed her tone again. 'Is it difficult to paint?'

'Try and see.'

'Are you a great painter—in London—you come from London the folks say?'

'No, I'm not, I'm only middling at everything. I break my heart over trying at it.'

'That's a pity: why don't you give it up? But perhaps its your living?'

'No, I'd make a poor living if it were. But it's part of my life. I can't give it up.'

'You're that fond of it?'

'I don't know; I love it and I hate it, but it's part of my life. Now Miss Trevarroch, be very good to me—go lean against that bit of bed rock and I'll try and get you in.'

She laughed a short but merry laugh. 'Get me in the picture? If you like; but Miss Trevarroch! how queer it sounds. I'm no miss, sir.'

'What are you—to such as me?'

'Plain Mary Trevarroch, to you and every one else, sir.'

'Well, Mary, then please to go and do what I said unless you are to busy?'

'No, I've nothing much to do. Mother is cleaning the house for to-morrow. To-morrow was Sunday. How shall I put myself?'

'Anyhow; you can't go wrong; and talk to me while I paint, I shall get on all the better.'

'I haven't much to talk about.'

'Why not? everything is new and interesting to me here; tell me about your life.'

'There's nought in that that would amuse you,' she answered in a dull, dreary voice that reminded him of her mother; 'it would be better for you to tell how ladies live who are gay and happy and have nought to trouble them.'

'I don't know many happy ladies in London—plenty who are gay enough. To me it would seem ever so much happier here at Penruth out of the noise and bustle, with its free sweet salt air blowing from over the sea. Don't let's talk about London; I am trying to forget any world but this.'

'Ah,' she said in a quiet way, 'it's happy for you here, perhaps; you know nought of how we live in Penruth.'

'Do you want to go somewhere else? Would it make you happier?'

'I don't look to be happy,' she answered, turning her eyes from him. 'As for going away, sometimes I think I'd want to come back. I've never in all my life been ten miles from Penruth, but I've read about places.'

'Do you care for reading then?'

'I used to when I was a girl; our parson's wife had me a great deal with her and lent me books, and Will was fond of reading in winter evenings.' There was a silence, and then Mary said, quite calmly, 'Will was the man I was to marry. He's dead.'

'You talk of when you were a girl,' Vincent said, deciding into words to save himself from some embarrassment: 'you are young enough now.'

'Turned two-and-twenty. I don't feel young.'

'You've gone through a good deal,' he said in a low voice, tender with sympathy.

She looked at him with a kind of surprised gratitude; she was entirely unused to such sympathy, and it moved her deeply. Her composure left her and her under lip trembled.

'Oh! I have, I have!' she said in a voice deepened by her emotion; 'how kindly you speak to me: who told you about it?'

'Your mother and others and yourself—I saw you before.'

She blushed deeply. 'Where?'

'Down in the little cove there, under that cliff. I saw in your face that you had suffered.'

She turned her head and put one hand over her eyes. 'I didn't know,' she said, just above her breath. 'I never sent your thoughts off it once.'

Vincent had [illegible]

NO HOME EXEMPT.

The Secrets of those Mysterious Troubles that come to Every Household Explained.

The following article from the *Democrat and Chronicle*, of Rochester, N. Y., is of so striking a nature and emanates from so reliable a source, that it is herewith re-published entire. In addition to the valuable matter it contains, it will be found exceedingly interesting:

To the Editor of the Democrat and Chronicle:

SIR:—My apology for the publication of the most unusual statements which follow, are first, gratitude for the fact that I have been saved from a most horrible death, and, secondly, a desire to warn all who read this statement against some of the most deceptive influences by which they have been surrounded. It is a fact that to-day thousands of people are within a foot of the grave and they do not know it. To tell how I was caught away from just this position and to warn others against hearing it, are my objects in this communication.

On the first day of June, 1881, I lay at my residence in this city surrounded by my friends and waiting for death. Heaven only knows the agony I then endured, for words can never describe it. And yet, if a few years previous, any one had told me that I was to be brought so low, and by so terrible a disease, I should have scoffed at the idea. I had always been uncommonly strong and healthy, had weighed over 200 pounds and hardly knew, in my own experience, what pain or sickness were. Very many people who will read this statement realize at times that they are unusually tired and cannot account for it. They feel dull and indefinite pains in various parts of the body and do not understand it. Or they are exceedingly hungry one day and entirely without appetite the next. This was just the way I felt when the relentless malady which had fastened itself upon me first began. Still I thought it was nothing; that probably I had taken a cold which would soon pass away. Shortly after this I noticed a heavy, and at times a neuralgic, pain in my head, but as it would come one day and be gone the next, I paid but little attention to it. However, my stomach was out of order and my food often failed to digest, causing at times great inconvenience. Yet I had no idea, even as a physician, that these things meant anything serious or that a monstrous disease was becoming fixed upon me. Candidly, I thought I was suffering from malaria and so doctored myself accordingly. But I got no better. I next noticed a peculiar color and odor about the fluids I was passing—also that there were large quantities one day and a very little the next, and that a persistent froth and scum appeared upon the surface, and a sediment settled in the bottom. And yet I did not realize my danger, for, indeed, seeing these symptoms continually, I finally became accustomed to them, and my suspicion was wholly disarmed by the fact that I had no pain in the affected organs or in their vicinity. Why I should have been so blind I cannot understand.

There is a terrible future for all physical neglect and impending danger always brings a person to his senses, even though it may then be too late. I realized, at last, my critical condition and aroused myself to overcome it. And, Oh! how hard I tried! I consulted the best medical skill in the land. I visited all the prominent mineral springs in America and travelled from Maine to California. Still I grew worse. No two physicians agreed as to my malady. One said I was troubled with spinal irritation; another, nervous prostration; another, malaria; another, dyspepsia; another, heart disease; another, general debility; another, congestion of the base of the brain; and so on through a long list of common diseases, the symptoms of all of which I really had. In this way several years passed, during all of which time I was steadily growing worse. My condition had really become pitiable. The slight symptoms I at first experienced were developed into terrible and constant disorders—the little twigs of pain had grown to oaks of agony. My weight had been reduced from 207 to 130 pounds. My life was a torture to myself and friends. I could retain no food upon my stomach, and lived wholly by injections. I was a living mass of pain. My pulse was uncontrollable. In my agony I frequently fell upon the floor, convulsively clutched the carpet, and prayed for death. Morphine had little or no effect in deadening the pain. For six days and nights I had the death premonitory. I lie coughs constantly. My urine was filled with false casts and albumen. I was struggling with Bright's Disease of the kidneys in its last stages.

While suffering thus I received a call from my pastor, the Rev. Dr. Foote, rector of St. Paul's church, this city. I felt that it was our last interview, but in the course of conversation he mentioned a remedy of which I had heard much but had never used. Dr. Foote detailed to me the many remarkable cures which had come under his observation, by means of this remedy, and urged me to try it. As a practicing physician and a graduate of the schools, I cherished the prejudice both natural and common with all regular practitioners, and derided the idea of any medicine outside the regular channels being the least beneficial. So solicitious, however, was Dr. Foote, that I finally promised I would waive my prejudice and try the remedy he so highly recommended. I began its use on the 1st day of June and took it according to directions. At first it sickened me; but this I thought was a good sign for me in my debilitated condition. I continued to take it; the sickening sensation departed and I was able to retain food upon my stomach. In a few days I noticed a decided change for the better, as also did my wife and friends. My hiccoughs ceased and I experienced less pain than formerly. I was so rejoiced at this improved condition that, upon what I had believed but a few days before was my dying bed, I vowed, in the presence of my family and friends, should I recover I would both publicly and privately make known this remedy for the good of humanity, wherever and whenever I had an opportunity. I also determined that I would give a course of lectures in the Corinthian Academy of Music, in this city, stating in full the symptoms and almost hopelessness of my disease and the remarkable means by which I have been save. My improvement was constant from that time, and in less than three months I had gained 26 pounds of flesh, became entirely free from pain and I believe I save my life, and present condition actually to Warner's Safe Cure, the remedy which I used.

Since my recovery I have thoroughly re-investigated the principles and [illegible] faculties and [illegible] truths developed [illegible] therefore state, as a physician, that [illegible] half the deaths [illegible] are caused by [illegible] says. This may seem [illegible] ment, but I am [illegible] it. Bright's disease [illegible] develops without [illegible] symptoms of [illegible] the kidneys or [illegible] symptoms of [illegible] complaint. Hundreds [illegible] ly, whose [illegible] physician's [illegible] 'Apoplexy,' 'Paralysis,' 'Heart disease,' 'Rheumatism,' [illegible] other common diseases, [illegible] Few physicians, [illegible] use the extent of this [illegible] germs, and [illegible] into the system like a [illegible] presence by the [illegible] and fastens itself upon the [illegible] before the victim is aware. [illegible] as hereditary as consumption, [illegible] common and fully as fatal. [illegible] ills, inheriting it from their [illegible] have died, and yet none of the [illegible] knew or realized the mysterious [illegible] which was removing them. [illegible] common symptoms it often [illegible] whatever, but brings death as [illegible] as such is usually supposed, [illegible] heart disease. As one who has [illegible] and knows by bitter experience, says, I implore every one who reads these words not to neglect the slightest symptom of kidney difficulty, agony and possible death will be the result of such neglect, and no one can afford to hazard such chances.

I am aware that such an unusual statement as this, coming from one known as I am, throughout the land as a practitioner and lecturer, arouse the surprise and positivity of the medical profession and all with whom I am acquainted, make the foregoing statements upon facts which I am prepared to produce, and truths which I can substantiate to the letter. The writing of these may possibly be sufficient study as is an ample inducement for me to the step I have, and if I can assist warn others from the dangerous path which I once walked, I am willing dure all professional and personal quences.

J. B. HENSON, M. D.

Toothache.

Did you ever have a [illegible] snapping, roaring, [illegible] that kept the whole [illegible] until 2 o'clock in the [illegible] have it, but all have not heard of wonderful cures made by [illegible] Toothache Drops which are [illegible] to cure in one minute. Only [illegible] ive. Price only 25 cents. Sold by [illegible] Armstrong and E. F. Richmond.

I was bilious and nearly sick[illegible] box of Dr. Day's Liver Pills [illegible] G. W. Nichols, Mt. [illegible]

Chatter.

And the milder forms of [illegible] culty, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, come from a disordered digestion, [illegible] ed with pain in the stomach, [illegible] cholic, &c. Be wise and ward attacks by taking Hamburg's Ginger Tonic and Pain Cure, which sure remedy. Never known to [illegible] give immediate relief. As an [illegible] application in Rheumatism, [illegible] Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises, Lame[illegible] and Side it can't be beaten. Price 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

No other pill could take the place of Dr. Day's Liver Pills [illegible] should use Mrs. P. M. Tenney, Mt. Pleasant[illegible]

On account of the sudden [illegible] the temperature of this section climate, it is almost impossible [illegible] free from colds and coughs; prompt use of H. H. Brown's [illegible] Balsamic Elixir will prevent [illegible] result from a sudden cold in a speedy cure. If you have [illegible] the jaundice, dark headache or [illegible] try Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. [illegible] A. B. Armstrong.

As a general restorative, or [illegible] nervous drooping and [illegible] can equal Dr. Day's Diamond [illegible] Tonic.

Get to Heaven If You Can.

Mr. A. bought his wife one [illegible] Parmelee's Blood Purifier, and thinks he has got her to heaven [illegible] for she declared, on account [illegible] that she must try another bottle [illegible] and be permanently cured. [illegible] Purifier known up [illegible] ings as this. Only 25 cents [illegible] A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond [illegible] ford.

TOBIN Lumbago Rheumatism Pad [illegible] only guaranteed purely vegetable [ill

Smethport County Journal

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Paid in Advance, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.
ADVERTISING RATES.
Rates for display advertisements made known on application.
Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5 00 per year.
Legal, official and transient advertising, per square, (8 lines), three times or less, $1 00; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents. Executors' and administrators' notices $2.00 each for six insertions.
All advertising contracts payable quarterly.
Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.
Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Marriage announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.
All communications should be addressed to
E. P. HARROUN,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport Pa., June 28, 1883.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COM.
HARRISBURG, PA., May 2, 1883.—The Republican State Convention will be held in the Hall of the House of Representatives on the second Wednesday in July, 1883, at 12 o'clock, M. (11th inst.), for the purpose of nominating candidates for Auditor General and State Treasurer, and for the transaction of other business. The attention of Republicans throughout the State is respectfully directed to the following provisions of rules established for the holding of State Conventions, and the conduct of the party:

First. That delegates to State Conventions shall be chosen in the manner in which candidates for the General Assembly are nominated, except in senatorial districts composed of more than one county, in which conference for the selection of presidential delegates shall be chosen in the manner aforesaid.

Second. Hereafter the State Convention of the Republican party shall be held on the second Wednesday of July, except in the year of the Presidential election, when it shall be held not more than thirty days previous to the day fixed for the National Convention, and at least sixty days' notice shall be given of the date of the State Convention.

Third. That we recommend to the County organizations that in their rules they allow the largest freedom in the general participation in the primaries consistent with the preservation of the party organization.

By order Republican State Committee.
THOS. V. COOPER,
Chairman.

Political Announcements.

To insure insertion, announcements under this head must be paid for in advance.

COUNTY TREASURER.

EDITOR MINER.—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

A. F. BANNON.

Kendall, Pa., June 6, 1883.

EDITOR MINER.—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. R. SHOEMAKER.

Smethport, Pa., June 21, 1883.

EDITOR MINER.—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. H. WIGGINS.

Alton, Pa., June 21, 1883.

THE republican and democratic candidates for governor of Ohio, Judges Forsker and Hoadley, are intimate personal friends and reside in the same voting precinct in Cincinnati.

THE governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania has gone fishing. He is accompanied by a D. D. and an M. D., and we are, therefore happy to news that his physical and spiritual needs will be attended to in case of any sudden emergency.

AN exchange sums up the Dukes-Nutt double tragedy in a few words: A man seduces a young girl, kills her father and is acquitted, that's law. The son of the murdered man and brother of the disgraced girl kills the acquitted seducer, that's justice.

THE New York Tribune did everything in its power to defeat General Beaver last fall. Now it gives notice that Pennsylvania is not democratic and the democrats must not base any hopes of future success upon the accidents of the past.

COL. THOMAS J. GRIERSON, of Franklin county, is a candidate for the republican nomination for auditor general. His own county has instructed the delegates to use all honorable means for his nomination, and his nomination seems to be favorably considered throughout the State.

THE legislature is working as slowly with the apportionments as if they had all summer and part of the fall to work in. The latest bills reported put McKean in a congressional district with Warren, Potter, Forest, Elk and Cameron, and in a senatorial district with Cameron and Elk. But the end is not yet.

THE eloquent, though brief speech of R. R. Stone in the convention on Tuesday in support of the resolution recommending D. C. Larrabee, of Coudersport, for Senatorial delegate had the immediate effect to convert all opposition to the resolution. It was a wonderful instance of the good effect of a few well chosen words eloquently put at the right moment.

THE republican county convention of Tuesday was characterized by a spirit of harmony and good feeling most encouraging to every good republican and by no means pleasant to witness on the part of our democratic friends. All shades of republican opinion and belief were represented, and every one present seemed only actuated by a desire to form a united front against the common enemy.

THE New York Sun sent a reporter recently to interview several noted and wealthy saloon keepers. Without exception they declared they did not drink intoxicating liquors and nothing could persuade them to do so. They realized the danger of drinking and while willing for the sake of gain to manufacture drunkards were determined not to be drunkards themselves. The successful liquor sellers are those who do not indulge in their own pot-sons.

THE President has issued an order promulgating the changes made in the internal revenue districts in accordance with the action taken by congress at the last session. The order is to take effect on the 1st of July or as soon thereafter as practicable. This number of districts is reduced from 126 to 83, a reduction of 44. The county is placed in a new district composed of the counties of Cameron, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Elk, Forest, Lawrence, McKean, Mercer, Venango and Warren, and Jacob F. Shaffner, of Erie, is designated as the collector. This is a new appointment, and displaces the present collector Lynch.

THE convention for nominating county officers was wisely left in the hands of the chairman of the county committee. No one can tell what exigencies may arise within the next few weeks or months, and a selection of date that might appear wise at this time might prove very much otherwise a few weeks hence. The chairman, if worthy of the position at all, should be worthy of trust in this matter.

THE Williamsport *Gazette* and *Bulletin* speaks thus encouragingly of Col. Ege's chances and fitness for the nomination for State Treasurer at the July convention:

Col. Ege, of Bradford, is looming up rapidly as a candidate for State treasurer, and it now looks as if there would be a regular boom for him by the time the convention meets in July. He is well qualified for the position, on account of his experience in the banking business, and if nominated would be triumphantly elected. Judging from the tone of the press the entire northwestern part of the State is in favor of him, and this fact alone will go a long way towards giving him such a following as must make him very strong in the convention.

THE following remarks of the Bradford *Mail* expresses the feeling existing in Col. Ege's own city, and coming from a journal that has not always been particularly friendly is indicative of the unanimity of sentiment on the question, of his candidacy in this county:

The enthusiasm manifested in behalf of Col. Ege for State treasurer is growing every day. It is not confined to our city and county, nor to the Colonel's old home of Westmoreland county, but is extending to all parts of the State. He has the elements of popularity about him and in him, and every day from now until July 11th, the date of the State convention, will add materially to his strength. Seldom has there been a name mentioned for any office that has met with such a hearty response from the people. This honor has been unsought by Colonel Ege, and therefore it is a people's movement which clearly accounts for its unanimity.

THE unanimous and emphatic endorsement of Col. J. A. Ege as our nominee for State Treasurer by the republican county convention, as reported in our local columns, fully met the desires and expectations of his friends. It was well understood previous to the primaries that he was a candidate for the nomination and that the convention would be asked to give him its endorsement. Thus were there any opposition to his candidacy in the county every opportunity was given for its expression. On the contrary there was discovered the most remarkable unanimity, at the primaries, in the convention, and among the people, and the unusually strong resolutions insisting upon his nomination and binding the delegates to an unswerving support were received with unanimous approval and unstinted enthusiasm. It is fair to assume that the republicans of McKean county are to a man in favor of his nomination, and that the pledge given by the convention of an "unbroken vote" in that event was given with a full knowledge of the sentiment of the people. It now rests with the State convention whether or not the wishes of the republicans of McKean and the northwestern counties shall be heeded. No other candidate will appear before the convention with a stronger following or more united backing. Our delegates are gentlemen worthy of a respectful hearing on the floor of the convention and capable of insisting upon a recognition of the wishes of their constituents. Col. J. A. Ege ought to and we believe will receive the nomination for State Treasurer, and with an equally strong and popular candidate from the eastern part of the State for Auditor General, Pennsylvania will this fall give one of her old-time republican majorities.

SOME weeks ago it was rumored from Harrisburg that Mr. Niles, one of the representatives from Tioga county, would be a candidate for the republican nomination for auditor general. There was nothing to base such a belief upon except mere rumor, and that only to the effect that his brother members of the legislature thought he would be a good man for the place and were urging him to consent to become a candidate. There was no announcement on his part, and it was not believed that he desired the office. A few weeks later he publicly announced that he would not be a candidate, which very properly was accepted as a settlement of the matter. Last week, however, a special dispatch to the Philadelphia *Press* stated that after Mr. Niles returned to Harrisburg a number of his friends (members of the legislature and Harrisburg politicians, presumably,) called upon him and so far persuaded him to reconsider his published determination that it was finally "tacitly understood" that he would be a candidate. We have too much respect for Mr. Niles to place any credence in such wild guess work and tacit understandings. He is a courteous, sensible and level headed gentleman, too wise to endeavor to place himself on the course again after voluntarily and peremptorily retiring, and too courteous to be a party in jeopardizing the interests of equally worthy and capable gentlemen who have undertaken the canvas relying upon the fact that he meant what he said when he wrote to the *Press* that he would not be a candidate. Political double dealing is not profitable, and Mr. Niles is not the man to engage in it. The Harrisburg legislators who are so busily engaged in making up a slate for the State ticket would be more profitably engaged by attending strictly to the legitimate business for which they were elected and sent to Harrisburg, while they will benefit the party by keeping heavy cuff and button people here at home.

THE campaign in Ohio this year is of particular interest to Pennsylvania. The election in Ohio in October will have the effect of encouraging one party in Pennsylvania and of throwing cold water upon the hopes of the other. A good many voters like to be on the right side if they think that side is going to win. They look upon an election abroad in October as a kind of pointer to the result at home in November.

The Ohio campaign, which will be watched with such keen interest in Pennsylvania, has not been started in a way to scatter liberal promises of Democratic success. The Democratic candidate was only named a day or so ago and already the Democratic campaign, like a fight on the street, is monopolizing all the public attention. The curious crowd look on, but both combatants are likely to get hurt. Thos. Ajgain, Hoadly, who ran off with the Democratic nomination for governor, is a prominent officer in an obtrusive atheistic society. There are too many God-fearing Methodists in Ohio to make a declaration of unbelief a winning plank in the unwritten part of the Democratic platform. With the chilling influence of General Ward's disgust at his own defeat—a disgust openly expressed in the Convention; with a candidate weighed down by his rejection of the Christian religion, and with the management of the campaign in the hands of a faction opposed to the chief candidate upon the ticket, the prospect of Democratic success in Ohio is not so brilliant that the Democrats of Pennsylvania can derive from it any encouragement.

Disasters to Hoadly seemed to be following so thick and fast as to cause the rumor that he would withdraw from the ticket. Differing from Voorhees in his estimate of the influence of the New York *World* in the Democratic party, Hoadly promptly and at length contradicts in that paper the rumor of his withdrawal. He is going to stick, and if he goes down he will sink with the Free Rum banner flying. In the meantime, if the Democrats are to continue their evident purpose of committing hari kari, the Republicans have little to do except to imitate the example set by Br'er Rabbit: "Lay low and say nothin'."—Phila. *Press*.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Paragraphs, State and National, Collated From Our Exchanges.

Politics in Ohio are occupying a front seat just now.

A secretary of state is to be elected in New York this year.

It will be ten years next September since the great financial panic.

Voorhees says the spoils belong to the victor, and that the democrats, if they carry the country next year, will make a clean sweep of the public service.

Elisha W. Davis, speaker of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives in 1861 and 1862, has been appointed agent at the Uinta Indian Agency, in Utah.

There are intimations of trouble between the President and Revenue Commissioner Evans because of the latter's summary removal of men in his department.

Hoadly was first a whig, then a democrat, then a know-nothing, then a republican, then a Greeley independent and now a Democrat. He is a sort of political agnostic.

Assistant Postmaster General Elmer is severely criticised by the Philadelphia *Times*, but Grosham announces his confidence in him, and the people generally will accept Gresham's opinion in preference to McClure's.

An exchange reminds us that John Sherman once lifted Chester A. Arthur out of the New York custom house on the toe of his boot. Now Sherman is begging Mr. Arthur not to bounce any revenue collectors in Ohio until after the State election in October next.

Judge Hoadly, the democratic candidate for governor of Ohio, was the only lawyer in the United States who was able to construct a legal defense of Cronin's remarkable feat of organizing himself into an electoral college and casting the vote of Oregon for Tilden and Reform.—N. Y. *Tribune*.

Judge Hoadly, who captured the democratic nomination for governor of Ohio, is described as a bright little man with a boyish face, and complexion which almost approaches the color of a ripe banana. Upon the stump he is not brilliant, but he speaks rapidly, and with nervous emphasis and self-reliance.

Young Nutt is in prison, and unless the efforts which are being made to secure his release should be successful, it is likely that he will have to stay there until next fall. The propriety of allowing the law to take its course will not be disputed, but one cannot help remembering that the complainant Judge of Fayette county was satisfied to let Dukes out on bail.

Mr. Congressman Dayne has been hanging about the legislative committee rooms lobbying to have his district "fixed" for him. Of the numerous republican congressmen, Mr. Dayne is the only one who comes to Harrisburg whining to be taken care of. It ought to be beneath his dignity, but he doesn't really seem to have any conception of dignity.—Harrisburg *Telegraph*.

Even "Harpers' Weekly."

G. W. Curtis, is editorial.

It is because the President seems in many ways to be mindful of this fact that an administration which began amid doubts and grave apprehensions has gradually obtained the regard and trust of the country. The President is a strong party man, and the interests of his party are dear to him. It must be pleasure for him, therefore, to know that at least his administration has not weakened the hold of his party upon public confidence. His course, indeed, has illustrated the truth of the notable saying of President Hayes, that he serves his party best who serves his country most. It is a truth which, however abstractly obvious, administrative officers find very hard to put into practice. But they who resolutely do it have their reward. While the professional politicians, whom the great mass of the people [illegible]

THE HOUSE of Representatives of Pennsylvania has been in session for [illegible] some time past, and it has [illegible] whose health has [illegible] church of [illegible] some time past, was taken [illegible] ill on Tuesday afternoon, and died at ten minutes of eleven o'clock last night. He had been a sufferer for some time past from an ailment which the physicians say resembled Bright's disease of the kidneys.

Archbishop Wood was born in Philadelphia on the 27th day April, 1813. He was of English parentage, and he received his elementary education in a school on Dock street. He subsequently went to England, where he attended a grammar school in Gloucester. His stay in that country lasted five years, and after returning to America in 1827 he went to Cincinnati and became clerk, and afterward cashier, in the Franklin Bank of that city. In April, 1836, he was received into the Catholic church By Archbishop Purcell, and in the autumn of 1837 he resigned his position as cashier and went to Rome to study for the priesthood. He pursued his studies at the College of the Propaganda for seven years, after which he was, on the 25th of March, 1844, ordained priest by Cardinal Franconi, prefect of the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda. During his study at the college he was appointed prefect of discipline. On returning to America in October of the same year, he was appointed assistant rector of the Cathedral at Cincinnati. He filled that position for ten years, and was then appointed pastor of St. Patrick's church in the same city. While pastor of that church he received the bull appointing him Coadjutor Bishop of Philadelphia, with the right of succession, and on the 30th day of April, 1857, twenty-one years after his reception into the Catholic church and thirteen years after his ordination to the priesthood, he was consecrated Bishop by Archbishop Purcell. He went to Philadelphia at once, and immediately entered upon the discharge of his Episcopal duties. He took special charge of the financial affairs of the diocese, and under his able administration these flourished, and means were secured for continuing the erection of the Cathedral and sustaining other works. Before the completion of the Cathedral he organized the Cathedral parish, and built the present Cathedral chapel. On the death of Bishop Neumann, January 5th, 1860, Bishop Wood succeeded to the title and full administration of the diocese of Philadelphia. During his successful administration many churches have been built on his diocese, and additional religious orders introduced and several Catholic charitable institutions established, while many of the existing ones were strengthened and enlarged. The establishment of the Theological Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, which was opened for the reception of ecclesiastical students in 1876, was one of the fruits of his exertions in his episcopate. Since coming from Cincinnati, Bishop Wood has visited Rome several times, and while there he placed upon record his faith in the dogma of papal infallibility and his desire for its definition. He was present at the canonization of the Japanese martyrs in 1862, and at the celebration of the 1800th anniversary of Sts. Peter and Paul in 1867. He attended the opening sessions of the Vatican Council on December 8, 1869, but was compelled to return before the close on account of sickness. He was elevated to the Archbishopric by Pope Pius IX on February 13, 1873.

A Bad Move.

The Pittsburg *Dispatch* announces that the Hon. J. B. Niles of Wellsboro, has consented to become a candidate for the Auditor Generalship. It is possible that our Pittsburg contemporary may be mistaken, but it speaks like one having authority, and we fear that Mr. Niles and his friends have permitted their ambition to get the best of their judgment. It is well known throughout the State that Colonel Ege of this city is a candidate for the office of State Treasurer, and it is hardly among the political possibilities that the candidates for both positions will be selected from the same section of the Commonwealth. Colonel Ege refused to enter the field until after he had received the most positive assurance that Mr. Niles would not be a candidate, and for the latter to reconsider his determination at this late day is neither courteous nor wise. Col. Ege did not force himself into the field, and if Mr. Niles had expressed any sort of intention of becoming a candidate he would have been given the cordial support of the Northwestern counties. Having declined to run, however, it was reasonable to suppose that the candidate for Auditor General would be selected from some other locality, and the candidacy of Colonel Ege became eminently proper from a geographical point of view, as well as from considerations of exceptional fitness and the most efficient and effectual party service. Northwestern Pennsylvania ought surely to have one position on the S ate ticket, and it will not be hard to get if the delegates will unite upon one man, but it is useless to talk of getting the whole thing, and the presentation of two candidates to the convention will only divert both the nominations to other localities. Col. Ege is the field, and he is in to stay. He entered the field with the express understanding that Mr. Niles was to remain out, and we trust that our esteemed Wellsboro friend will stick to his original intention, and use his best endeavors to nominate and elect our popular candidate for State Treasurer.—Bradford *Star*.

A Democratic Extravagance.

The startling disclosure of the fact made by the Philadelphia *Press* that the present house of representatives, in the General Appropriation bill, exceeded nearly half a million dollars the amount of the appropriations made by the General Appropriation bill of the House of 1881, sweeps away one of the last claims of the democracy upon the confidence and to the support of the people of Pennsylvania. The assurance was given that while the present House might not always be for reform, it would always be for economy. The House of 1881 never claimed to be an economical House. The present House has scattered money right and left and exceeded the extravagances of its republican predecessor. A few days before the close of the session, when representative Landis asserted this to be true, the democratic members of the lower branch of the legislature denied it and sought to gain an extension of credit for their party by false representations. Poor Pennsylvania always wonder where the money goes. The democratic financiers of the House have not explained where the money went; they did not know it was gone. The [illegible]

THE

ROCK GLYCERINE COMP'Y

Have come to stay, notwithstanding the Monopoly has assured the world that all competitors should be driven out of the field.

They Never Have and Will Not be Undersold.

They manufacture their own stock and it is

THE PUREST GLYCERINE

IN THE FIELD.

They have the most experienced shooters in the business, and there is no shell that can compare with those they use.

STOCK, SHELLS, CANS AND MEN
Always on Hand.

Sign of the

BIG SHELL,

R. A. DEMPSEY, AGENT,
No. 12 Chambers street,
BRADFORD, - - PA.

Palace Furniture Emporium!

The Largest Store in Pennsylvania!

BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET,
MOST COMPLETE STOCK,
LOWEST CASH PRICES,
—AT—
FREEMAN & DREW'S
PALACE FURNITURE EMPORIUM,
No. 93 Main Street, - - - BRADFORD, PA.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches,

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted.

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

CLOTHING,

L DIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

JOHN DIGEL'S MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental and Mantel Designs

EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE FROM EITHER

MARBLE OR SLATE.

Water Street - - - - Smethport, Pa.

Rochester Business University

The Most Complete Commercial School in America.

There is no other in the country that is held in so high esteem by the better class of business men, that is patronized by so mature and cultivated a class of pupils, or that has so large a number of graduates in lucrative and honorable positions. Send for new catalogues.

F. E. ROGERS, Sec'y. L. L. WILLIAMS, Pres.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong? If you continue feeling miserable and good-for-nothing you have only yourself to blame for Brown's Iron Bitters will surely cure you. Iron and cinchona are its principle ingredients. It is a certain cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, malaria, weakness, kidney, lung and heart affections. Try it if you desire to be healthy, robust and strong and experience its remarkable curative qualities.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

BRADFORD'S Leading Clothiers, GREENEWALD'S, 131 Main St., invite inspection of their large and elegant stock of Mens and Boys clothing. Prices are always lowest, goods always reliable.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

Hairdressing.

Switches, curls, puffs, frizzes, waves, etc., made in the best of style. Special attention given to cleaning and dressing ladies' hair. Mrs. A. Shurdwiest and Mary L. McIntyre, corner King and Union streets, Smethport, Pa. 22-1y

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

For Sale.

I have two first class lumber wagons, which I can sell very cheap. Any one needing a wagon of that kind cannot find a better opportunity for a bargain.
M. A. STRAGUE
APRIL 5, 1883-tf.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

For Sale or Rent.

The House, Blacksmith, wagon and carriage shop on Water street, in this borough. Terms easy. Apply at once at JOHN DIGEL'S Marble works.—16tf

FREE ADVICE.

When You are Tired

of paying high prices for inferior goods, you will find ready relief by calling at my store at Colegrove and investing your money where all goods are marked down at prices but little above actual cost.

IF SICK

of paying for the high rents and taxes of city dealers call at my store at Colegrove, and pay only for what you buy and no extras.

Try It Once.

Goods are all marked in plain figures.

I can sell you better goods and cheaper than any other [illegible]

He Repents the Remark.

—Will you please repeat that remark, Mr. Mathews?

Tuesday as as to look your representative square in the face, the head of the house of Aaron Mathews & Co., Pharmacists, No. 1031 Race street, Marble Square, Philadelphia, replied: "Yes, sir, with pleasure. Mr. Clough, what shall we consider FARRAR'S CHEROKEE TONIC, now called FARRAR'S TONIC, the best article of the kind in the market. Our sales for the last six months and then a whole story can settle the question. The Tonic has a great demand, carries with it a strong guarantee, with it, it's honest to sweep the West like a prairie on fire. In cases of rheumatism, dyspepsia and liver and kidney troubles it proves supreme and wins friends every day."

Messrs. A. & Co. beg to call public attention to the fact that hereafter FARRAR'S CHEROKEE TONIC will be advertised and sold simply under the name of FARRAR'S TONIC. We make this change for the reason that unprincipled dealers have been successfully selling their nostrums by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger—and as ginger is really the principle ingredient, we deem the change a misleading one.

There is no secret, however, in the preparation of this article, and all leading physicians in the South of New York, Whipped under the name of FARRAR'S CHEROKEE TONIC contains the principle medicinal virtues of the fine-stem the ingredients of Messrs. A. & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.

Farm for Sale.

Farm of 50 acres, well watered and wooded, in Keating township, McKean county, Pa., near the Smethport Centre Depot, property of 11 each 12hms, deceased, will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply for particulars to
M. BOGAVINK, Exr.,
or BAGLIN & Gutchess, Att'ys.
Smethport, Pa., June 28, 1883—3w.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS letters testamentary have been granted the undersigned on the estate of Hugh Uncas, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment and all having claims to present the same to
WM. MCGARVEY, Exr.,
Bradford, Pa.
or BAGLIN & Gutchess, Att'ys.
Smethport, Pa., June 28, 1883.

FINE MILLINERY.

SPLENDID
Spring & Summer Styles

Auditor's Report.

J. C. Backus, Treasurer of Smethport School District, in account with school fund for the school year ending June 1st, 1883.

	Cr.	
To amount of co-treasurer Bissell on last audit		$ 49 50
To amount of school tax collected		2,125 00
To State appropriation		1,037 16
To amount from county treasurer on unclaimed tax for 1881 and 1882		155 75
To amount from tuition		60 00
Total		$ 3,427 41
	Dr.	
By paid drafts for printing as per last audit	$ 284 00	
By paid do. for repairs	77 00	
By paid do. for fuel	2,045 00	
By paid for janitor's salary	225 00	
By paid secretary's do	25 00	
By paid 2 per cent. commission to treasurer	30 16	
Total		$ 3,027 16
Balance due school fund		$ 400 25

JOHN WEIR,
J. C. Backus, treasurer of Smethport School district, in account with town fund for the school year ending June 1st, 1883.

	Dr.	
To amount received of co-treasurer		$ 400 25
To amount on last audit		284 44
To amount received from county treasurer, amounted tax for 1881 and 1882		12 56
Total		$ 697 25
	Cr.	
By paid 71 warrants $5 each	$ 355 00	
By commission as treasurer	7 00	
By " " collector	7 00	
Total		$ 369 00
Balance due town fund		$ 328 25

Amount due town collector [illegible]
Amount due from [illegible]
Amount due from township [illegible]
Amount due from [illegible]
Amount due from [illegible]
Amount due from

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., June 20, 1883.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Now waves the grain from every hill
Sweet clover scent is borne,
The partridge whistles, long and shrill,
Among the standing corn;
The plover springs on wanton wings
To greet the coming morn.

And still the relentless rain comes down.

—The picnic last Tuesday was completely spoiled by the rain.

—The county commissioners are in Bradford to-day holding a court of appeals.

—The rates look pretty steep but the telephone to Bradford will be a great convenience to many.

—A Fourth of July feature will be the sending up of the Elephant balloon by Mrs. Gray of the People's store.

—There were a great many fine looking men on our streets Tuesday. Capes—republican county convention.

—A change in the running time on the B. R. & K. railroad will be noticeable by reference to the time card elsewhere.

—A new building to be occupied by P. Doherty as a shoe shop, is to be built a short distance east of the Wright House.

—A list of the causes set down for trial at the term of court commencing July 24th will be found elsewhere in this issue.

—Our merchants have laid in large stocks of fireworks, and we may expect to hear the usual fusilade on Wednesday next.

—The Grand Army Post will meet every Thursday evening at Backus' hall, Main street, at eight o'clock until further orders.

—The *Era* of Tuesday contained a graphic portrayal of Patsey Fragner's love affairs. Was it intended as an advertisement?

—A nut brown Italian with the usual razor grinding aparatus and a bell has been perambulating about the streets for some days.

—One cannot but wonder what becomes of the millions of feet of lumber that are being cut out all through the neighborhood.

—The large scales in front of King's billiard room were removed to-day to a different and more appropriate locality at the Buffalo depot.

—The Elmira *Advertiser* has been reduced in price to six dollars per year, which for an eight page morning paper makes it dirt cheap.

—The big flag floating over the street in front of Harry Wilson's grocery store indicates that the Fourth of July will establish headquarters there.

—The young bear at the Rockwell house is as vicious as a hyena, and children will do well not to let their curiosity draw them too close to the brute.

—The package of valuable papers advertised in last week's issue of the MINER as lost by George Welker, of Kane, has been found. It pays to advertise.

—The Bradford Sunday *Mail* is gradually forging ahead of its competitors and is making for itself a place that has too long been occupied by outside publications.

—An occasional booming discharge admonishes us that the small boy has already begun to work his patriotism up for the recurrence of our national birth day party.

—The trees about the court house square have been very much improved by pruning. Amos Bishop wielded the saw, while Hon. R. B. Hamlin superintended the job.

—The Smethport, McKean county MINER comes to us enlarged and improved. It is an ably edited paper, thoroughly republican, and we rejoice to see it prosper.—Clearfield *Journal*.

—The new barn being built for W. J. Colegrove on King street looks like a first class dwelling house, and is better and will be more comfortable than one-half the dwellings in town.

—A young man residing in the borough got into trouble a day or two ago by hiring a horse and buggy under false pretenses. He meant no harm probably, but will be more careful next time.

—J. E. Niles has reconsidered his resolution not to be a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of Auditor General, and is now "in the hands of his friends."—Potter *Enterprise*.

—The Commander of McKean Post 247, B. F. Wright, is a worthy officer in a responsible position and the order will expect good reports from his Post as they heard good news from his command during the war.

—The Elk County *Advocate* has been enlarged and otherwise improved. We are glad to see it, and hope it is an evidence of prosperity. Parsons has stuck to it bravely, and deserves the support of his party and the people of Elk county.

—A dire instrument of torture, consisting of a dry goods box, arranged to turn with a crank and filled with such things as will give forth the most appalling sounds when turned, has been set up by some of the boys in Backus' wood shed.

—Emporium is happy. The circus Royal, a cheap and miserable attempt at a circus is to visit the above named obscure hamlet, and the boys both old and young are in high feather over the prospect of a day of ginger bread and birch beer.

—The McKean MINER published at Smethport, Pa., has been enlarged to a nine column paper and otherwise improved. It is a neat and newsy sheet published wholly at home, and is deserving of unlimited success.—Columbia *Republican*.

—The sermon at the M. E. church last Sunday night was particularly well relished by those who have been in the habit of attending circuses, and from the description of the inside of a circus, it is fair to presume that the Rev. gentleman has been there himself.

—From all over the western part of the State comes complaints that the unprecedented wet season has ruined the prospects for several important crops among which are corn and potatoes, the former being almost hopelessly damaged already.

—The McKean county MINER has been enlarged to nine columns to the page, and otherwise improved in appearance. We are pleased to note this indication of the prosperous condition of that paper, as we have long regarded it as among the best of our contemporaries, and as a journal of which the people of McKean county may well be proud.—Potter Journal.

—The spit-eating cats, just large enough for two, have been invented. If properly wound up it will begin to sing a warning ball just before teh o'clock. At one minute after the 12 cat is quiet, and while one-half curses the designer of the home up stairs, the other half tickles her young mew out of bed, and they will cause high, lost pandemonium to reign.

York on the James [illegible] of Richmond" for Europe. Landing first at Liverpool, they will proceed to London, and, after visiting such places in the united kingdom as may seem best, they will go to Germany, Switzerland and perhaps to Rome. The ladies are accompanied by Mr. Adams, of New York, and a cousin, Miss Gates. Altogether it is a pleasant trip they have laid out for themselves, and we can but wish them all the pleasure to be gotten from it. They will return some time in September.

Church Services.

At St. Lukes' Episcopal church on Sunday next, July 1st, as follows: Litany and Catechising of Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Holy Communion 10:30 a. m. and evening service at 8 o'clock.

At the Baptist church next Sunday morning Rev. F. H. Gates, of Genoa, N. Y., will conduct services, preaching at 10:30 a. m. and again at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

GREENEWALD'S, Reliable Clothiers, 124 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

To and from the Ball Ground.

On the Fourth of July Valt. Poff will run his two hacks to and from the base ball grounds for the accomodation of those who may wish to see the game. As it is some considerable distance from town to the grounds this move on the part of Mr. Poff will be appreciated, and it is hoped that it will be made profitable to him. Of the two hacks which he will have in service that day one will leave every ten minutes from either end of the route.

No Paper Next Week.

It is a custom among patriotic country newspapers, we have often thought more honored in the breach than the observance, to omit an issue of the paper during the week in which the Fourth of July falls. In view of the fact, however, that the force of the MINER office have been obliged to labor with unusual diligence for months past, and need rest, and that Smethport will celebrate this year, we have decided not to issue the regular edition of the paper next week. The business office and job department will be open as usual.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

Col. W. W. Brown's Address.

The MINER has been favored with a copy of the Memorial Day address delivered by Hon. W. W. Brown on Decoration Day at Wellsville, N. Y., and aside from the strong feelings of friendship that exist between the colonel and the MINER, it is one of the most appropriate addresses for such an occasion that we have ever seen and does the gentleman great credit. The address throughout shows an unusual familiarity with his subject and a treatment of it which can only be successfully accomplished by one who has been there himself.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

The Catholic Picnic.

It was a great disappointment after such elaborate preparations had been made for the picnic given by the young ladies of the Catholic church Tuesday, that the weather turned out to be so unpropitious. The assemblage at Boger's grove, east of the borough, was large and everything gave promise of a most successful and enjoyable time, when the heavens were overcast with clouds and the rain began to fall. For a time hope was indulged, like the time of Noah's flood, that it was only a shower, but this hope soon took wing, as did the patrons of the picnic, and in a short time the grove was deserted. In the evening Kittredge's Opera House was well filled with the picnicers, determined still to have some enjoyment out of the occasion, and with good music the young folks whiled away a good part of the night. Taken all in all it was a pleasant time.

A Fine Piece of Surgery.

John Derr, who resides in Clinton county, a few miles from Lock Haven, eighteen years ago had the misfortune when handling his rifle while in the woods hunting, to discharge it, the ball with which it was loaded penetrating his left thigh and imbedding itself it the hollow of the bone known as the *femur*. Ever since that time he has lived with the ball there, although a source of constant trouble and continual suppuration he hoped that time might heal the wound, but in this he was doomed to disappointment, and becoming tired of an existence so fraught with pain and danger, he concluded to have the ball extracted at even the cost of his life, and to that end came to Smethport and put himself under the treatment of Dr. S. D. Freeman.

After satisfying himself of the correct state of the case the Dr. opened the flesh of Mr. Derr's left thigh some ten inches or more, to the bone, and, fastening the flesh back to either side he took a freshbite of the largest size, and boring a hole in the bone, at the orifice from which the discharge had come for years, he took out from the centre or hollow of the bone, a bony substance in which was imbedded the ball lodged there eighteen years before.

It is necessary to see the instruments used and the ball and bone extracted to obtain an adequate idea of the magnitude of this operation, but it is sufficient to say that it was one of a thousand, and such as would not be undertaken by any but the most skillful men of the profession.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

Personal Mention.

W. H. Wiggins, of Alton, attended the county convention this week.

Miss Blanche Hall was visiting Treasurer Brennan's daughters last Sunday.

T. A. Morrison, Esq., presides over a county convention with great dignity and grace.

John Coy, formerly of the Scott House, Port Allegany, is in charge of the liquid department of the Pierce House.

Col. Ege received the congratulations of his friends at the Grand Central after the convention adjourned on Tuesday.

Rev. F. H. Gates, of Genoa, N. Y., will hereafter minister to the spiritual wants of the Baptist congregation here.

L. J. Becker will leave Saturday morning for Baltimore, where he will meet representatives of extract manufactories in the south.

SPECIAL RAILROAD RATES.

Half Fare Tickets on the N. Y. L. & W. R. R. Co.

The following communication sufficiently explains itself:

[illegible] Smethport, Pa., June 20, 1883.

[illegible] will sell excursion tickets to [illegible] at one fare for the round trip, on the 4th and 5th of July.

Pursuant to the call of the chairman of the county committee, the republican county convention for the selection of delegates to the State convention at Harrisburg July 11th, was held in this place Tuesday afternoon. By noon nearly all the delegates had arrived, and promptly at 2 o'clock chairman Sprague called the convention to order in the court room.

T. A. Morrison was elected president of the convention, and W. E. Burdick and R. B. Stone secretaries.

Upon the call of the roll of the different precincts, the following delegates presented credentials and were admitted to seats in the convention:

Annin township—Levi Holcomb, Joseph Hodges.

Bradford township, First district—Not represented. Second district—A. M. Marsh, W. H. Pratt.

Bradford city—1st ward, First district—A. C. Hawkins, Robt. Stafford. Second district—J. L. Andrews, J. C. Greenewald.

2d ward—M. Sullivan, D. A. Wray.

3d Ward—R. B. Stone.

4th ward—John Haggerty, Ernest Koester.

5th ward—O. H. Parsons, I. W. Siggins.

Corydon township—Not represented.

Duke Centre, First district—W. B. Graves, S. M. Fletcher. Second district—W. E. Burdick, Geo. W. Shoemaker.

Eldred township—C. M. Shook, F. M. Adams.

Eldred borough—W. G. Roberts, A. C. Douglass.

Foster township, First district—Not represented. Second district—J. W. Bogardus, J. E. Morse.

Hamlin township—J. E. B. White, Saml. Barnes.

Hamilton township—Not represented.

Keating township, First district—G. W. King, A. J. Parker. Second district—Not represented.

Kendall borough, First district—A. F. Bannon, J. C. Brenneman. Second district—O. L. Lathrop, H. H. Bartholomew.

Liberty township—Not represented.

Lafayette township—W. H. Wiggins, J. K. Purse.

Norwich township—Not represented.

Otto township—Not represented.

Port Allegany—S. W. Smith.

Bergeant township—John Martin, Casper Hafner.

Smethport—T. A. Morrison, Robt. H. Rose.

Westmore township—David Howells, Geo. Griffith.

Hon. W. W. Brown, of Bradford, and Hon. David Sterrett, of Smethport, being placed in nomination for representative delegate, and vote taken, Mr. Brown received 25 votes and Mr. Sterrett 9.

On motion, Mr. Brown was declared unanimously elected.

The following resolution, presented by Mr. J. L. Andrews, was, after some discussion, unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That this convention recommend the selection of Hon. D. C. Larrabee, of Potter county, as the delegate from the 26th Senatorial district to the State convention called to meet at Harrisburg on the 11th day of July, 1883.

The following resolutions, presented by R. B. Stone, were then adopted without debate, and with great enthusiasm:

Resolved—That the Republicans of McKean county in convention assembled, invite the republican party of Pennsylvania to nominate Col. J. A. Ege, its candidate for the office of State Treasurer.

Resolved—That the delegates to the State convention chosen respectively for our representative and senatorial districts, be and they are hereby respectfully instructed to cast every ballot to which they may be entitled in favor of Col. J. A. Ege, as the republican candidate for State Treasurer, and to give to his candidature their earnest and unswerving support until a nomination be effected.

Resolved—That this convention, representing in itself the elements whose separation has lately cost the republican party the loss of our State administration, do now unhesitatingly pronounce the sentiment of the republicans, whom we represent to be unanimous in advocating the candidature of our chosen fellow citizen, and we hereby make our pledges to the republican party of Pennsylvania that J. A. Ege, if nominated, will receive the unbroken vote of the republican electors of McKean.

Resolved—That this convention in formally presenting the name of Col. J. A. Ege has proceeded with a deep sense of the necessity of the hour for a candidate whose political character and popular qualities are alike unquestionable, whose nomination shall be the watchword for harmony, the slogan of victory with which Western Pennsylvania, looking shields with the east shall be stirred to redeem the Commonwealth from the encroachments of a political adversary whose purpose and policy republicanism was born and still lives to supplant.

A committee of three—A. C. Hawkins, Robt. H. Rose and Hon. N. Peabody—were then appointed to bring Col. Ege before the bar of the convention. In the meantime the question of calling the regular county convention for nominating county officers was discussed, and a resolution adopted expressing it to be the sense of the convention that the matter be left in the hands of the chairman of the county committee.

The appearance of the committee having in charge McKean's nominee for State Treasurer was the signal of uproarious applause. Quiet having been restored the Col. with much feeling thanked the convention as the representative of the republican party of the county for the honor and compliment of their unanimous action, that having already received the endorsement of his old home it was peculiarly gratifying to now receive the still more emphatic endorsement of the friends of his new home. He was born a republican, had always lived a republican, and hoped to die as strong in belief and support of the faith and principles of the party as he had lived. As to the prospects of securing the nomination, although this was the initial of the contest, he believed our chances were equal at least with that of any candidate yet mentioned for the State ticket. He hoped to receive the nomination, but in any event would here pledge his support to the nominee of the State convention, whoever he might be.

These brief and earnest remarks were received with enthusiastic applause, and tended to make many friends among those who had not before made the acquaintance of the speaker.

No other business appearing before the convention, it was on motion adjourned *sine die*.

GREENEWALD'S MISTAKE: Money refunded. No misrepresentation. Opposite Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

For the Redress of Wrongs.

The following dispatch from Uniontown, Pa., in relation to the coming trial of young Jim Nutt will be very gratifying news to those who believe that the law and the only tribunal that "will find out [illegible] is the courts:

[illegible] and prisoner [illegible] are now in the county jail. [illegible] Nutt and his mother [illegible] Many thousands can be had here.

Many of the letters that come to Mrs. Nutt and her son are from eminent lawyers throughout the States of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, offering their services free of charge in the defense of Nutt."

GREENEWALD'S. Boys Clothing. 124 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

McKEAN POST 247 G. A. R.

Col. Ege and his Post make a pleasant visit to our Town.—Muster of the Post here.—Campfire.

It is well known to all the readers of the MINER that a movement was inaugurated some week since looking to the organization of a Post of the Grand Army of the Republic at this place for the purpose of affording the veterans of this vicinity an opportunity of identifying themselves with the order and availing themselves of the benefits arising from a binding together of comrades, who, through years of the severest trial and endurance had learned to regard each other in a light stronger than that of brotherhood.

From the outset the movement was warmly encouraged by the Post of Bradford, of which a large number of those who form the nucleus and charter membership of the new organization belonged. Especially so was Col. Ege, the commandant of that Post, and an ardent and enthusiastic worker in the order, and with this valuable aid it was but the work of a few days to enroll many more than a sufficient number of men, honorably discharged from the Union service in the recent war to entitle them to a charter and the necessary authority and machinery to institute a Post and put them in working shape.

Upon an order from headquarters of the department, which comprises the State of Pennsylvania, Col. Ege, who was directed to muster the Post, issued his order for the members to assemble on last Thursday evening at Kittredges opera house for muster and instruction in the work of the order.

Accordingly on the evening named, on the arrival of the 6:40 train from Bradford, the Col. always on hand and on time, alighted, and with him a delegation of his Post, amounting almost to a regiment in numbers with a band of the old sheep skin kind, and flying colors. They were met by some thirty or more of the veterans from this neighborhood, who had with them our cornet band, and their march, as they passed up street was probably the most imposing military demonstration ever seen in this borough.

Marching to the Wright House the visiting comrades were seated to a lunch such as is not found in many places in the neighborhood outside of Frank Wright, and to which they did ample justice. When this little by-play had been attended to the order to "fall in" was promptly obeyed and the procession moved to the opera house where the work of the evening was entered upon. Everything was found in readiness for the visit of the mustering officer, and his compliments on the thorough preparation for the event will long be remembered by the boys of McKean Post.

After the usual and necessary preliminaries had been gone through with the following named veteran gentlemen were installed as officers of the Post for the ensuing year:

C.—B. F. Wright.
S. V. C.—John C Backus.
J. V. C.—W. H. Grumbine.
Q. M.—E. V. Chadwick.
Surg.—Dr. S. D. Freeman.
Chap.—D. A. Easterbrook.
O. D.—A. H. Pierce.
O. G.—N. B. Foote.
Q. M. S.—Roswell Bartwell.

When the members had been obligated and the officers duly inducted into their several official chairs, and their duties made known to them, the doors were thrown open to the public and an eager and curious crowd entered to see what these people were about. A table was improvised in the center of the spacious hall, and soon groaning beneath a weight of pork-and-beans, the soldiers best friend, coffee and sandwiches, and such trimmings as the thoughtfulness of the comrades had suggested and prepared, and all, without regard to race and color or previous condition of servitude were invited to partake, and right heartily they did it.

Then came the camp-fire—the event in the post-room to which the old soldier attaches the most importance and which he always refers to as the pleasantest spots in his existence.

Col. Ege, who by virtue of his rank and detail presided over the assemblage announced that he would call on some of the comrades to respond to the several toasts proposed, and he expected them to remember their soldierly training and obey with that alacrity which always denoted the good soldier. Accordingly the sentiment "McKean Post" was announced, and Hon. W. W. Brown called to respond. We will not attempt to synopsize any of the responses made, suffice it to say they were all appropriate and to the point, and strongly characterized by that soul of wit, brevity. Afterward Dr. S. D. Freeman responded to the toast "Pennsylvania," Jno. C. Backus to "Our Army," J. K. Graham to "The Ladies of Smethport," Jos. Moorehead, "our Confederate enemies," Sim. Siggins, "the Army mule," and Col. Ege, "the Infantry." In Col. Ege's speech he referred to the company of infantry that he was recruiting, and hoped that he might yet be able to call the roll of a regiment and later on found fault with Col. Brown for having closed his recruiting station prematurely.

The whole affair passed off in the best possible manner, and the visiting comrades from Bradford avowed that they never had so pleasant a time in any of their fraternal visits before.

McKean Post starts off under more favorable auspices than any like organization in this section of the State, and if it should fail to become one of the most flourishing organizations of the order the fault will lie solely with its own members.

GREENEWALD'S, Fine Furnishing Goods, 124 Main St., Bradford.

TRY one of Goss's lemonades.

T. R. Fricker's Store.

White people throughout the neighborhood are making ready to celebrate the coming holiday, they will do well to remember that T. R. Fricker has on his store a large stock of just such goods as they want for this occasion, and also for [illegible] Whatever their wants may be in the [illegible] line, all can be suited, and when [illegible] Mr. Fricker [illegible]

[illegible] Ly over a thousand citizens [illegible] has been likely contributed to [illegible] from different parts of the United States. Many thousands can be had here.

Many of the letters that come to Mrs. Nutt and her son are from eminent lawyers throughout the States of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, offering their services free of charge in the defense of Nutt."

GREENEWALD'S. Boys Clothing. 124 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

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McKean County Times

let the memory of the past cease to pain you. I'll not hurry you.'

'I don't want to lose the memory!' she cried, with vehement emphasis. 'I love it better than anything. It's the best of me. I can't part with all I have left of the time when I was happy. Oh! I was happy, though I was poor and ignorant, as I am now: there was all the difference—all the difference.' As she spoke she broke into passionate crying, and before he could answer her she was on her feet and turning her face in the direction of the land. He did not attempt to follow her, a dreary sense of the hopelessness of the moment, something almost like dread of the determined resistance of the girl, kept him back.

'A woman loves by the eyes,' he said to himself with a sort of angry sadness, 'and if one were to shower treasures of love upon her, she would care nothing for that. She's like them all.'

But Vincent's mood changed before many hours had passed. The longing to possess this beautiful creature, nobly beautiful, unspoilt by the world, 'a gem of purest ray serene' set in so rough a casket, returned with uncontrollable fierceness, and he did a thing which, in his own eyes, was mean, the first meanness which he had ever committed. He went to woo the mother. He knew that Mrs. Trevarroch, if she ever had them, had outlived all romantic views of life, and he represented his case to her with what he called himself 'brutal vulgarity.' He told her of the extent of his income, his position in life, the property he could settle upon his wife. Mrs. Trevarroch listened with every hard line of her face sharpened with eagerness—bitter eagerness of life-long poverty.

'She's a born fool,' was her comment on his unvarnished tale; 'and when she knows it's as much as we can do to find bread? A born fool. 'Taint even as if Penraddock were alive—he might have kept her decently, and he was a good fellow; but she's nought in the world to look to now but want and trouble. I'll make her have you, Mr. Randal, bless you.'

Vincent shrank in a sort of hatred from his ally, but he did not refuse the offer. He wanted Mary so much the more fiercely for its difficulty. But he was cautious. He met her every day for a week, but he did not press his suit: he met her with quiet seriousness and respect which touched her, he looked so sad. Her eyes dwelt on him so wistfully as to be almost tender—almost, not quite. Mary seldom was tender, though her heart was deep, capable of holding a whole ocean of love. One day he asked her bluntly and suddenly if she meant ever to marry him or to break his heart:

Her eyelids quivered and her lips too in an attempt to smile. 'Men's hearts don't break,' she said feebly.

'Don't they,' he returned. 'You know a great deal about them.'

'I know nought about gentlemen,' she answered, half sarcastically. 'But I can't believe in your remembering such as me long.'

'Mary, I don't ask you to only love me, remember. You have only to marry me. At least your life won't be worse than it is.'

It can't be much,' she said, under her breath; 'only I'm loth to leave—the shore.'

'Think of all it means—freedom from care, for you, for your mother.'

'Hush!' she returned, fiercely, 'that's what she puts into you. Don't make me do like that. Will it make you happy, even if I can't love you?'

'Yes,' he answered, in a tone that had, however, no elation in it; 'it is my only chance.'

'Then take me, if you will,' she cried, putting out her hands, 'and never say I played you false. My heart's dead; but what's left of me is yours, though it's not worth your stooping to pick out of the gutter.'

He took her hands and pressed them to his heart, but something in her prevented him from trying to kiss her. She was hard, and his mood was chilled.

In a few days Vincent returned to London to make preparations for his wedding. Before he left Penrath he gave Mary's mother notes for £30 that she might make some changes in her way of living at once. The woman who could not shed a tear for her bitter past, cried over the money. In a week a box arrived from London for Mrs. Trevarroch, full of dresses, linen and cambric, fit for a lady. Mary tossed them over with scorn. 'My price,' she said bitterly to her mother; 'he might have waited for that. I'm no pauper, and——and I hate 'em.' With these last words, violently spoken, she broke out in a storm of sobs and tears. All the grief she had gone through had but seldom drawn a tear from her.

But her heart told her she was ungrateful, and to please Vincent she put on the plainest dress he had sent to welcome him in. He caught her to his breast with rapture. It seemed to him that being absent from her brought her wonderful beauty more vividly home to him each time. Cold as she was she set his ardent blood on fire. He put a ring on her finger as they sat together on the boats. Mary looked at him, then at the ring, and then she laid her hand on the back of his. 'Look, there, sir,' she said, with a curious smile; 'did ever you see anything look worse? There's my hard brown hand, a poor woman's working hand, with a fine lady's ring upon it. It only makes it look harder and uglier. Please to take it off; jewels on me look like blue satin furniture would be in our kitchen. I'd rather not wear it, thanking you all the same.'

'You are right,' Vincent said, quietly, drawing off the ring. 'The dear hand does not need it; a plain gold circle will look fitter.' And he kissed the third finger, which he stripped of its ornaments.

At the moment he kissed her hand he felt it suddenly twitch and struggle with a kind of convulsive movement which repulsed it from his. Mary had risen to her feet. Her face was a ghastly white; her eyes, wide open, were filled with terror. Vincent following them saw that they were fixed upon a boat that was nearing the shore. A man in a sailor's dress with a red cap was in it. Vincent thought that the boat had come from a ship which was anchored a mile or two out. He had scarcely time to form a collected thought when Mary uttered a cry—it hardly sounded like a human voice, more like the scream of a wild bird—'Come back, come back from the dead, to curse me!' These words somehow shaped themselves. As the boat grated on the shore she turned, flung up her arms, and rushed away up the steep cliff path as if she were pursued by the furies. Vincent, calm as the English gentleman are wont to be in the face of a great emergency, stood and watched the sailor in the little ship's boat. He had no manner of doubt who it was. It was the magnificent figure of a young Hercules that leaped out and hurried to

would have—with [illegible] which turned the ruddy brown of his face a curious gray—perhaps six feet three in height, certainly not less. Vincent looked like a pigmy by his side, and in spite of the distortion of jealous anger the fellow was divinely handsome. Vincent saw this with his usual bitter candor toward himself: he saw the golden brown beard and curling hair, the fine aquiline nose, the vividly blue eyes. These were what had stolen Mary Trevarroch's heart, which had been ice to him. It was all over. The sea had given up its dead to blast the hopes of his life. He answered Will Penraddoch's incoherent fierceness of question and invective with a quiet 'You are the sailor, Penraddoch, who was supposed to be lost?'

'I am. And that was my loss, my sweetheart. What dared you do with her?'

'I was going to marry her.'

'You—damn you!'

'No, you needn't do that,' Vincent replied, with careless grace. 'She thought you dead—naturally enough, I suppose, and she is so good as to be willing to become my wife, without pretending to care for me. There is no occasion, that I see, to swear at me. I have acted in perfect good faith; so has she.'

'She wants to marry a gentleman, I suppose, not a poor fellow like me,' Will began trying to speak more calmly, but breaking off again; 'I'll ask her' I'll be sure before I go away and get drowned, as she thought I was. She shall say which of us it is to be.'

And leaving Vincent, he leaped up the rocks of his own familiar shore in pursuit of the girl who had fled from the awful vision, as she believed, of her dead love. He stumbled over something, and looking down he saw it was a woman lying insensible—a mere heap of clothes it seemed at first, but stooping and turning her he saw Mary Trevarroch's face, with closed eyes and white parted lips. Will gathered her to his bosom with a sudden change from passionate anger to passionate tenderness, rocking her in his arms, trying to warm her lips and cheeks with kisses. When her eyes fluttered open they fell on his.

'Will,' she said, faintly, but smiling, as if she had awoke from heaven, 'is it you or your ghost?'

'Me—my living self—darling of my heart. Mary, who shall part us? You don't love any one but me? God surely never brought me back—the only one out of the crew—for that. You're my lass still—mine!'

The words brought remembrance which the first anguish of her joy had blotted out. She sat up and put her hand to her head—it was the hand Vincent had kissed a few minutes ago! She looked at it strangely, and rising to her feet, tried to move without Will's help, but her limbs failed her, and she leaned against the rock, a little turned away from him. Will stood and looked at her with a curious mixture of love and fierceness and terror in his face. At that moment Vincent Randal came slowly up and stood before them. Mary looked at the two men with a quivering face, and then, putting up her clasped hands, she dropped at Vincent's feet.

'He's come back—come back!' she sobbed out. 'Oh, sir, I love him! I told you I did. You can't say I was false. I thought in time I'd live to forget him, and I meant to be good. Oh! tell him—tell him!' and she dropped her head upon the ground.

'What am I to tell him?' Vincent asked in a slow stern voice. 'You can tell him best yourself what there is to be told. Good by, Mary.'

He had not left them long before he hated himself. He turned to go back as he heard her sobbing, but he dared not trust himself. He went to the 'Fisherman's Rest' and packed up his things: then he sat down and wrote:—'Forgive me for speaking cruelly, my poor girl. I know what you meant me to tell him, though at the moment I could not answer you as I ought. Tell him now from me that I honor you and have always honored you as much as I loved you. You did not say yes to me at last because I had some wordly goods to offer you; you saw what it was that I wanted and you meant to make me happy. But your true heart spoke when you said No, not Yes, to me. We are both spared much. Good by, and God bless you, Mary. I need not bid you be true to Will Penraddock, whom the depths have given back to you.'

As he wrote the last words the evening darkened so fast he could scarcely see what he had written and he laid down the pen. At that moment some one knocked. He opened the door and saw Mary Trevarroch in her peasant dress. He took her hands, which were damp and icy cold and drew her into the room. She looked at him, trembling in every fibre of her frame.

'They tell me you're going early to-morrow, sir,' she said, in a scarcely audible voice.

'Yes, my dear.'

'Oh, you're not angry with me, then? You don't hate me since you spoke so! Mr. Randal, you understand?'

'Yes, I understand. I was writing to tell you so. Does Will understand too?'

'Yes,' she murmured, with drooping head. 'But I'd like to ask your pardon, before you go, Mr. Randal. You've been so good—so good to me! The things are all sent back, sir. I never wanted them.'

'No,' he returned, in the same quiet, half apathetic tone. 'I know that; and neither do I want them.'

'You'll try to forgive me?'

'I've nothing to forgive: on the contrary, I have one thing to thank you for, Mary. I've been all my life hunting for ideals; you have helped me a good deal. I see there are women who can love. Love is still now and then 'lord of all,' not money. Good by! My dear let me kiss you for good by, for I shall never see Penrath nor you again, most likely. You will be married soon?'

'I think so.'

'And then?'

'We shall live here—he will get a boat of his own in time, he hopes.'

'Ah! I see. I hope so too.'

He kissed her on the cheek and turned away from her: before she had closed the door he had torn his letter into atoms.

Next day Vincent Randal was in his old world again, and it did not perceive any difference in him.

Will Penraddock had a wedding present from an unknown and only guessed-at benefactor, which enabled him to become the owner of a boat in the place of that he had lost. In spite of this, and of a handsome present from the same unknown source, the widow Trevarroch repented her daughter's choice with persistent bitterness. In the unearthly light of the strange dawn of her happiness which had seemed so long in here out, Mary cared little for that. When the light looked cold and [illegible] upon the rough [illegible] she [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]